

The 10 Commandments of Release Engineering Dinah McNutt Google, Inc. mcnutt@google.com



Release Engineering

"Accelerating the path from development to operations"





- These commandments are truths based on my 20+ years of developing commercial software
- Concepts apply to software products for both internal and external customers
- Ideas presented are my own, not necessarily Google's





- Release processes are usually an afterthought
- Most systems do the minimum required to "get it done"
- Release processes should be treated as products in their own right
- There is often a big disconnect between the developer writing the code, the person writing tests, and the system admin who installs it



Steps in Release Process





The Real Process



The Real, Real Process



Thou shalt use a source code control system



I - Thou shalt use a source code control system

- Everything needed to release should be under source control
 - source code
 build files
 build tools
 documentation
- Doesn't matter what you use, just use something!



Reproducible Build Environment

- Not usually checked into a SCR, but still may need to be recreated:
 - Operating System
 Compilers
 Build tools
- Possible solutions:

 Backups
 Installation servers
 Virtual machines



Configuration Management

- Binary dependencies
- Configuration files
- Manifests
- Change lists
- Machine configurations



But what about binaries?

- Binaries don't belong in an SCM
- If you must, consider a separate repository





Reproducibility is a virtue



II Thou shalt use the right tool(s) for the job



II - Thou shalt use the right tool(s) for the job

Complex projects may require multiple build tools

Examples:

- ant, maven, gradle for java
- make for C and C++ the dependency checking is crucial
- scripting languages (bash, python, etc.)



Moral

Unnecessary complexity is a sin



III Thou shalt write portable and lowmaintenance build files

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III - Thou shalt write portable and lowmaintenance build files

- Plan to support multiple architectures and OS versions
- Use centralized configuration files for definitions common to build files
 - Compiler options will change between architectures
 Editing hundreds of files for a single change is no fun
- Provide template files so developers can easily create new build files



Use a unique build ID

- Must provide enough information so the build can be uniquely identified and reproduced
- Examples:

 164532_20131008_2_RC00
 20131008_RC05
- Must be easily obtainable
 Included in packaging
- Embedded in binaries



Moral

Measure twice, cut once. Knowing your ancestry is a virtue.

Google

IV Thou shalt use a release process that is reproducible

Google

IV - Thou shalt use a release process that is reproducible

And automated... And unattended... And reproducible...

- Adopt a continuous build policy
- Leverage open source tools like Jenkins, bamboo, buildbot, teamcity
- Write your own



Release Engineering as a Service

- Developers should be able to operate in self-service mode
- Tools should support implementation of best practices and policies
- This is where release engineers can offer significant value to their organizations





Thou shalt use a package manager



V - Thou shalt use a package manager

- Auditing
- Leverage installation/upgrade/removal capabilities
- Package summary (who, what, when, etc.)
- Built-in version tracking and dependency checking
- Manifest
- Use native package managers when possible



Moral

tar is not a package manager...



VI Thou shalt design an upgrade process before releasing version 1.0

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VI - Thou shalt design an upgrade process before releasing version 1.0

- Packaging decisions can affect the ability to upgrade
- Design an upgrade process at the same time you are designing an installation process



Provide a complete install/upgrade/uninstall process

- Totally automated process
- Rollback AND roll forward
- Packages should be relocatable



Moral

Not thinking ahead is a sin.



VII Thou shalt provide a detailed log of what thou hath done

Google

VII - Thou shalt provide a detailed log of what thou hath done

- Installing/Patching/Upgrading/Removing software should provide a detailed log of what is happening
- Provide the ability to unpack and inspect the packages without installing
- Ideally there should be a "do nothing" option so I can see what is going to happen first
- Critical for troubleshooting problems



VIII Thou shalt canary



VIII - Thou shalt canary

- Practice of using domestic canaries to detect carbon monoxide in coal mines
- In software, refers to rolling out a release to a small number of users
- Many problems only show up in a production environment
- Canarying can allow early detection





IX Thou shalt keep the big picture in mind



IX - Thou shalt keep the big picture in mind

• Remember, it's Dev -> DevOps



X Thou shalt apply these commandments to thyself

Google

IX - Thou shalt apply these commandments to thyself

- Treat your release tools as products in their own write
- Dogfood your own best practices





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Sneak Peak at URES '14

- Caskey Dickson, Google, "By their powers combined-monitoring and automated releases are like peanut butter and chocolate"
- Chuck Rossi, Facebook, "Moving to Mobile"
- Daniel Cordes, Portware, "Deploying without a Web"
- Daniel Zapata, Netflix, "Going from 3 week to daily releases at Netflix"



Sneak Peak at URES '14

- Glenn Brown, Maven Wave Partners, "It Works on My Machine! How Container Technologies like Docker can Revolutionize Continuous Integration"
- J. Paul Reed, Panel Discussion on *"The Future of Release Engineering"*
- Jared Morrow, Basho, "Building Enterprise Software on GitHub"
- John O'Duinn, Hortonworks, Keynote

